

11.2 ARITHMETIC SEQUENCES

-2, 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, ...

THE COMMON DIFFERENCE IS 3

$$a_2 - a_1 = 3$$

$$a_3 - a_2 = 4 - 1 = 3$$

$$a_6 - a_5 = 13 - 10 = 3$$

ARITHMETIC SEQUENCE

$a_1, a_1 + d, a_1 + 2d, a_1 + 3d, \dots$

TO FIND THE n TH TERM

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$$

Ex: FIND THE 68TH TERM

16, 7, -2, ...

$$d = a_2 - a_1 = 7 - 16 = -9$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{68} &= a_1 + 67d = 16 + 67(-9) \\ &= 16 + (-603) = -587 \end{aligned}$$

Ex: FIND THE 1ST TERM IF

$$a_{31} = 197 \quad \text{AND} \quad d = 10$$

$$a_{31} = a_1 + 30d$$

$$197 = a_1 + 30(10)$$

$$197 = a_1 + 300$$

$$a_1 = -103$$

Ex: If $a_{10} = 4$ AND $a_{17} = 20$

Find a_6

$$a_{17} = a_{10} + 7d$$

$$20 = 4 + 7d$$

$$16 = 7d$$

$$d = \frac{16}{7}$$

$$a_{10} = a_6 + 4d$$

$$4 = a_6 + 4\left(\frac{16}{7}\right)$$

$$4 = a_6 + \frac{64}{7}$$

$$a_6 = 4 - \frac{64}{7} = \frac{28}{7} - \frac{64}{7}$$

$$a_6 = -\frac{36}{7}$$